BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE

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Health Services





COMPLIANCE WITH THIS PUBLICATION IS MANDATORY

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(Col James P. Moreland)

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This instruction implements AFPD 41-2, Medical Support. It provides guidance for establishing and operating medical logistics support for Air Force Medical Treatment Facilities (MTFs). Users should also be familiar with AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, Air Force Medical Materiel Management System – General, and AFCSM 41-230, Volume 2, Medical Logistics System (MEDLOG) Software User Manual. This instruction applies to all Air Force activities. Send comments and suggested improvements on AF Form 847, **Recommendation for Change of Publication,** through channels, to HQ AFMSA/SGML, 8901 18th St, Brooks AFB, TX 78235-5217.

SUMMARY OF REVISIONS

This is the second publication of AFI 41-209; it supersedes the previous version of AFI 41-209, dated 9 June 1994. Major changes include the addition of **attachment 2**, Letters of Appointment, a more functional grouping of topics throughout the instruction and the change of Director of Medical Logistics (DML) to Medical Logistics Flight Commander/Chief (MLFC).

1. Role of Medical Logistics. Medical Logistics Flights support two distinct Air Force Medical Service missions: (1) patient care in peacetime and (2) wartime/contingency support. Medical Logistics functions include responsibility for Materiel Management, Facility Management, Medical Equipment Management, Biomedical Equipment Maintenance, Contract Services and War Reserve Materiel (WRM) management. The Air Force Working Capital Fund (AFWCF) Medical Dental Division supports the peacetime requirement of ensuring supplies are available at the Medical Treatment Facility (MTF) for patient care. The Medical Resources Letter (MRL) dictates which WRM programs will be maintained at each location. AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, *Air Force Medical Materiel Management System – General*, provides policy and procedures for MLFCs and their staffs to use in providing logistics support to the MTFs they serve.

AFI 41-201, *Managing Clinical Engineering Programs*, provides guidance for facility management and medical equipment maintenance.

2. Medical Stock Record Accounts.

- 2.1. Establishing an Account. The MLFC identifies requirements for the establishment of new medical stock record accounts. Requests for new accounts are forwarded through the MAJCOM to AFMSA/SGML, 8901 18th Street, Brooks AFB, TX 78235-5217. Procedure for establishing an account is outlined in AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5.
- 2.2. Appointment of the Accountable Officer. AFI 23-111, *Management of Government Property in the Possession of the Air Force*, provides guidance and authority for the appointment of the Medical Supply Officer. The accountable officer is officially designated to maintain the accuracy of the records of property to include medical supply and equipment records and medical WRM. Accountable officers have pecuniary liability for items under their control. The Wing or Vice-Wing Commander (or equivalents) appoint the medical stock record accountable officer. The medical accountable officer will be a Medical Service Corps officer (41A3/4) (normally the MLFC). MAJ-COMs may approve the appointment of a civilian equivalent (GS-11 or higher).
- 2.3. Authority and Responsibilities. The accountable officer derives authority from the appointment letter. Upon appointment, a certificate of transfer is accomplished which documents the transfer of responsibility for the account. The MLFC may recommend the appointment of a Medical Equipment Management Officer. The Medical Equipment Management Office (MEMO) officer will be responsible for the medical equipment accountability records. A separate certificate of transfer is accomplished if a MEMO is appointed (see para 3.). Responsibilities of accountable officers are outlined in AFI 23-111. Additionally, medical accountable officers have responsibilities as outlined below. attachment 2 provides a summary of other appointment letters associated with medical logistics.
- 2.4. The Medical Stock Record Account. Responsibilities that require special attention by the accountable officer include:
 - 2.4.1. Controlled Items. Narcotics, precious metals and other controlled items require special storage and record keeping. A complete inventory of controlled items is required at the time of account transfer. Required cyclical, documented inventories and storage container inspections are specified in AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5.
 - 2.4.2. Annual Inventories. 100% of AFWCF assets, including WRM assemblages, except as specified in AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, must be inventoried annually. The newly appointed accountable officer must review the Inventory Accuracy Analysis Report for the latest annual inventory and ensure a complete inventory is accomplished within 12 months. Stock classes with less than a 95 percent accuracy rate must be re-inventoried within six months. The installation Commander is responsible for approving inventory adjustment vouchers (IAVs). The MTF Commander or hospital administrator may be designated to approve medical IAVs. IAV approval authority may not be delegated to the MLFC. Normally, the MLFC will certify the IAV documents by signing them before submission to the approval authority. The same officer may not act as both certifying official and approving authority on the same document. Detailed documentation requirements for annual inventories are outlined in AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5.
 - 2.4.3. WRM Stock and Assemblages. Accountable officers must review the unit mission and ensure stored WRM can meet required deployment and marshalling times. Accountable officers

are also responsible for annual assemblage validation against appropriate Allowance Standards and stock level calculation instructions. The Allowance Standards for medical War Reserve assemblages dictate what supplies and equipment are needed to support the wartime/contingency mission. Particular attention must be paid to storage facilities to ensure environmental controls meet asset manufacturer specifications. Accountable officers must ensure quality assurance data is recorded for stored assets to facilitate serviceability inspections and Food and Drug Administration recalls.

- 2.4.4. Activity Oversight. Accountable officers must ensure deficiencies noted during MAJCOM Staff Assistance Visits, Management Assistance Visits, Health Services Inspections, Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organization (JCAHO) surveys and inspections and assessments have been corrected or a plan has been implemented to address them.
- 2.5. General Responsibilities of Medical Logistics Regarding Medical Supplies. Personnel within the medical logistics account will:
 - 2.5.1. Establish inventory stock levels based on the results of the review so that the level for each stocked item is a balance between the cost of carrying the inventory and the cost of being without the item when needed.
 - 2.5.2. Work with customers to manage work area stock levels and order shortages to facilitate reduction of material throughout the MTF.
 - 2.5.3. Determine the method of requisition based on the type of item, cost of the item compared to the cost of ordering (lowest delivered cost), demand frequency and quantity, urgency of need, and quality.
 - 2.5.4. Store materiel to provide adequate protection and facilitate ease of handling and retrieval.
 - 2.5.5. Inspect, classify, and monitor materiel as received, issued, stored, or shipped and process materiel complaints from using activities.
 - 2.5.6. Remove defective or suspected defective materiel from using activities and serviceable inventories; suspend the materiel from issue, and report it.
 - 2.5.7. Maintain line item visibility of all AFWCF purchases in auditable MEDLOG or DMLSS systems. Summary receipts without line item visibility are not authorized.
 - 2.5.8. Employ existing technologies (i.e., bar coding, Stock in Forward Area, DMLSS) to the greatest extent possible to optimize resources.
- **3. Medical Equipment Management Office (MEMO):** The MEMO is responsible for overall management of the equipment program for the MTF. Responsibilities include: purchasing new equipment, accounting for all equipment on MEMO records, disposing of unneeded equipment, coordinating with the Biomedical Equipment Technicians (BMETs) on equipment issues, and ensuring new equipment is installed in a timely manner. Medical logistics personnel also assist using activities in preparing equipment authorization requests.

4. Controlled Medical Materiel.

4.1. Safeguarding Controlled Medical Materiel. The MLFC establishes procedures for controlling and safeguarding medical items that require special accounting, storage, shipment, and issue precau-

- tions. Inventory control of these items is critical because of their value and/or potential for abuse. AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, Chapter 14, provides guidance on how to safeguard controlled items to include the biennial inventory of controlled substances, reporting loss or theft of controlled substances to the Drug Enforcement Agency, and the Precious Metals Recovery Program (PMRP).
- 4.2. Excess Controlled Medical Materiel. For redistribution, the MLFC identifies and reports materiel excess to using activity needs. This ensures that materiel is used efficiently throughout the Air Force. Guidance on effective disposition of excess supplies and equipment are contained in AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, Chapter 20.

5. Clinical Engineering Programs.

- 5.1. Responsibilities. Clinical Engineering includes the functions of facility management and medical equipment repair. In small facilities, the facility manager will be either the MLFC or an enlisted/civilian. Larger facilities will have a Medical Service Corps Officer or civilian (GS-1640) as the facility manager. The responsibilities for clinical engineering programs are listed in AFI 41-201.
- 5.2. Medical Equipment Repair. Medical Equipment Repair provides the necessary support for maintaining, repairing and replacement of medical equipment. BMETs work closely with the MEMO in evaluating new equipment requirements and certifying serviceability of existing equipment. Facilities that are designated as Medical Equipment Repair Centers (MERC) have responsibility for equipment maintenance and management oversight within their assigned geographic region. MERCs earn manpower authorizations to support the active duty, air reserve and ANG bases within their region. Host-base support agreements should be in place with all supported units.
- 5.3. Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations. Clinical Engineering manages Environment of Care programs as specified in the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organization guidelines. Environment of Care programs include management of safety, security, hazardous material/waste, emergency preparedness, life safety, medical equipment, and utility systems.

6. War Reserve Materiel (WRM) Program

- 6.1. WRM Program. The MLFC must establish a medical WRM program for materiel needed to support the forces and missions specified in applicable operations plans. WRM project taskings are designated by the MRL. Designed Operational Capability (DOC) statements are used to task specific requirements to units. Coordination with the Medical Readiness Flight is important. WRM supports the capability of a medical unit to function effectively in a wartime or contingency situation. WRM accounting, peacetime operating stock, project codes, and inspection guidelines are covered in AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, Chapter 15. Exercise requirements for WRM are covered in AFI 41-106, *Medical Readiness Planning and Training*. Establish a Memorandum of Agreement with all supported Geographically Separated Units and Air Reserve Component (Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve) units. Ensure all supported units are DOC tasked prior to establishing requirements.
- 6.2. WRM Reporting. Medical Logistics must provide WRM materiel availability percentages to the Medical Readiness flight and all supported Air Reserve Component units for inclusion in the monthly Status of Resources and Training System (SORTS) report. See AFI 10-201, *Status of Resources and Training System*, for details on the SORTS report.

7. Contract Management

- 7.1. Services. Contracts for health care services are accomplished by Medical Logistics upon identification of a requirement by an activity. A decision must be made through the Lead Agent not to pursue the requirement through resource support or resource sharing as part of the managed care agreements or regional logistics initiatives. The Medical Logistics Contracting Branch (HQ AFMSA/SGMLC) has central contracts available to satisfy many individual facility requirements. Performance Work Statements (PWSs) for Health Care Services written at the local MTF must be coordinated through HQ AFMSA/SGMLC prior to acquiring through base contracting. A central database of PWS templates is available on the Medical Logistics web page.
- 7.2. Contract Administration. Proper surveillance of nonpersonal health care service contracts is the responsibility of a Quality Assurance Evaluator (QAE). QAEs ensure contractors perform within established performance guidelines and authenticate amounts owed to contractors. QAEs shall receive "Phase 1" training conducted by Quality Assurance Program Coordinators (QAPCs) over general surveillance principles. "Phase II" training is given to QAEs by the Contract Administrator for each contract monitored. Additionally, HQ AFMSA/SGMLC conducts the Medical Contract Administration Workshop at least annually and the desktop QAE guide is available on the Medical Logistics Contracting web page.
- 7.3. Quality Assurance/Risk Management Committees assist the QAE in monitoring and evaluating professional aspects of professional and para-professional service contracts.
- 7.4. Hospital Aseptic Management System (HAMS) contracts are centrally managed by HQ AFMSA/SGML. All contract changes must be reviewed and approved prior to implementation at the MTF.

8. Vehicle Management:

- 8.1. Vehicle Control. The main purpose of the Vehicle Control Program is accounting for and maintaining vehicles used by the MTFs. Vehicle control is governed by the AFI 24 series instructions. The MTF commander appoints the Vehicle Control Officer (VCO), or delegates the appointment responsibility to the MLFC. A Vehicle Control Noncommissioned Officer (VCNCO) is appointed to assist the VCO in carrying out VCO duties. The VCNCO is usually from the MTF primary care or emergency service function.
- 8.2. Roles of the VCO and the VCNCO. The VCO and VCNCO assist medical commanders in developing local operating instructions for vehicle management; provide liaison between the MTF and base transportation on all matters concerning government vehicles. They ensure organizational vehicle maintenance is performed; take action to preclude vehicle abuse, misuse or damage, and ensure only qualified and licensed drivers operate all vehicles.

9. Medical Logistics Officer Training:

9.1. Several training opportunities are available for newly appointed medical logistics officers. Refresher training is available at the Health Services Administration Course at Sheppard AFB TX. Temporary Duty to attend Comprehensive Functional Area Training (CFAT) for newly appointed MLFCs is encouraged. A limited number of officers are selected for intensive training through the medical logistics intern training program. This 10-month training program prepares the officer to assume responsibilities as a MLFC.

- 9.2. Attendance at annual medical logistics symposia, workshops, and Air Force Institute of Technology sponsored training is encouraged.
- **10. Medical Logistics Assignments.** Medical Logistics is a complex, technical function. Officers appointed to Medical Logistics positions should remain in place for at least 24 months. To maximize return on investment for Medical Logistics Intern training, graduates should remain in the medical logistics position for three years or two assignments.
- **11. Policies and Procedures.** Relief from policies and procedures outlined in this AFI, AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, AFI 41-201, or AFCSM 41-230, Volume 2, requires written waivers through the appropriate MAJCOM Medical Logistics Officer to the Medical Logistics Division, Office of the Surgeon General.

PAUL K. CARLTON, JR., Lt General, USAF, MC, CFS Surgeon General

Attachment 1

GLOSSARY OF REFERENCES AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION

References

AFI 23-111, Management of Government Property in the Possession of the Air Force

AFMAN 23-110, Volume 5, AF Medical Materiel Management System – General

AFI 10-201, Status of Resources and Training System

AFI 41-106, Medical Readiness Planning and Training

AFI 41-201, Managing Clinical Engineering Programs

AFI 44-135, Clinical Dietetics

AFI 44-144, Nutritional Medicine Management

AFPD 41-2, Medical Support

AFCSM 41-230, Volume 2, Medical Logistics System (MEDLOG) Software User Manual

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AF —Air Force

AFCSM—Air Force Computer Systems Manual

AFI—Air Force Instruction

AFMAN—Air Force Manual

AFMSA —Air Force Medical Support Agency

AFPD—Air Force Policy Directive

AFWCF—Air Force Working Capital Fund

ANG—Air National Guard

BMET—Biomedical Equipment Technician

CFAT—Concentrated Functional Area Training

DOC—Designed Operational Capability

DOD —Department of Defense

DMLSS—Defense Medical Logistics Standard Support

HAMS —Hospital Aseptic Management System

IAV—Inventory Adjustment Voucher

JCAHO—Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organization

MAJCOM—Major Command

MEDLOG—Medical Logistics System

MEMO —Medical Equipment Management Office

MERC—Medical Equipment Repair Center

MLFC —Medical Logistics Flight Commander

MRL—Medical Resources Letter

MTF —Medical Treatment Facility

NCO—Noncommissioned Officer

NCOIC —Noncommissioned Officer In Charge

PMRP—Precious Metals Recovery Program

PWS —Performance Work Statement

QAE —Quality Assurance Evaluator

SORTS—Sorts of Resources and Training System

VCO —Vehicle Control Officer

VCNCO—Vehicle Control Noncommissioned Officer

WRM —War Reserve Materiel

Attachment 2

LETTERS OF AUTHORIZATION/APPOINTMENT

	DOCUMENT	AUTHORITY	SIGNED BY
1	Base Medical Supply Officer	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	Installation Com-
		5, Chapter 1, para 1.4	mander
2	Certificate of FM Account	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	Outgoing and Incom-
	Transfer	5, Chapter 1, para 1.6.5	ing MLFCs
3	Base MEMO Officer	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
		5, Chapter 18, para 18.3.5	
4	Certificate of MEMO Transfer	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	Outgoing and Incom-
		5, Chapter 18, para 18.29	ing MLFCs
5	Medical WRM Project Officer	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
		5, Chapter 15, para 15.3.3	
6	Representative for Approval of	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
	LP	5, Chapter 16, para 16.2.2	
7	Request for Controlled Area	AFI 31-209	Base SFS
	Designation		
8	Storage for Medical Logistics	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
	Vault Combination	5, Chapter 23, para 23.4.2	
9	Controlled Medical Item Custo-	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	Accountable Officer/
	dian	5, Chapter 14, para 14.1.3	MLFC
10	Controlled Area Monitor	AFI 31-209	MTF Commander
11	Controlled Area Access List	AFI 31-209	MTF Commander
12	Destruction Officers (Code Q &	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
	R)	5, Chapter 12, para 12.2.2	
13	Authorization to Sign for Regis-		MTF Commander
	tered Mail		
14	Appointment of VCO/VCNCO		MTF Commander
15	Appointment of Linen Supply	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
	Officer	5, Chapter 21, para 21.2.1	
16	Appointment of PMRP Monitors	AFMÂN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
		5, Chapter 14, para 14.5.2	
17	Appointment of TASO Coordi-		MLFC
	nator		
18	Power of Attorney for DEA	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MLFC
	Order Forms	5, Chapter 16, para 16.20.2	
19	Authorized Personnel to	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MTF Commander
	Approve Individual Equipment	2, Chapter 7, para 1.2.5.	
	Requests		
20	Determination of Need for	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MLFC
	Appropriate Markings on MTF	5, Chapter 21, para 21.6	
	Linen		
21	Method of Marking Clothing	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MLFC
	Items	5, Chapter 21, para 21.6	
22	Appointment of Reports of Sur-	AFMAN 23-220	Base/Wing Com-
	vey / Approving Authority		mander
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23	Appointment of Mobility Equip-	MTF OPLAN	MTF Commander
	ment Custodians		
24	Appointment of Air Cargo Cou-	MTF OPLAN	MTF Commander
	riers		
25	Appointment of Mobility Officer	MTF OPLAN	MTF Commander
	and NCO		
26	Entry to Mobility Concept Brief-	AFI 10-403	MTF Commander
	ing		
27	Appointment of Functional Area		Squadron Commander
	Chief		
28	Appointment of Quality Assur-	AFI 63-124, para 1.2.7.3.	MTF Commander
	ance Evaluators (QAE), Con-		
	tracting Office Technical		
	Representatives (COTR), or		
	Contracting Officer Representa-		
	tive (COR)		
29	Appointment of Primary and	AFCSM 41-230, Vol 2,	MLFC
	Alternate MEDLOG System	para 31.3	
	Administrator		
30	Authorization to Receipt for	AFMAN 23-110, Vol 2,	MTF Commander
	Property through Base Supply	para 1.10.	
	(Equipment Custodian)		
31	Destruction Officers and Wit-	AFMAN 23-110, Volume	MLFC
	nesses (not Code Q and R)	5, Chap 12, para 12.2.2.&	
		12.2.5.2	
32	Report of Survey Appointing	AFMAN 23-220, Chapter	Report of Survey
	Officer	9, para 9.1.	Approving Authority
33	Report of Survey Investigating	AFMAN 23-220, Chap 7,	Report of Survey
	Officer	para 7.1.	Approving Authority